

TRAIN ARRIVALS

No. 1—7.45 p. m.
No. 4—5.50 p. m.
No. 7—10.55 p. m.
No. 8—6.40 p. m.
No. 9—11.45 p. m.

ALBUQUERQUE CITIZEN

"WE GET THE NEWS FIRST"

VOLUME 24.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY JANUARY 15, 1909.

WEATHER FORECAST

Denver, Colo., Jan. 15—Generally fair tonight and Saturday.

NUMBER 13

A VOTE AGAINST THE BOND ISSUE IS A VOTE AGAINST GREATER ALBUQUERQUE

"HONEST JOHN" BEAVEN HOLDS LARGE PART OF COUNTY FUNDS

Man Who Was Elected on Plea That He Favored Lower County Salaries and New Law Regardless of His Personal Interests, Now Demands "All That is Coming to Him, Regardless of Election Pledges--Calmly Disregards Platform on Which He Ran--Love of Dear People, Good Government, etc., Not Worrying Him Now.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT DEMANDS OFFICIALS SHALL TAKE ACTION TO PROTECT COUNTY AND SECURE MONEY

Territorial Auditor Says He Will Make Formal Demand at Once and Then Proceed Through Courts--District Attorney Says He Will Give Ex-Treasurer His Choice to Two Methods--Letter Which Appeared in Journal-Democrat Now Makes Interesting Reading for Tax Payers and Voters.

In retaining enough of the county funds to pay himself four per cent instead of two per cent, as allowed under the existing law, John S. Beaven, ex-county treasurer, a Democrat, elected on a Good Government-Citizen ticket, pledged to lower county salaries, gives the public a very interesting side light into human character. It is interesting to study a man who will apparently promise anything for the sake of securing public office and after securing the office, take advantage of some technicality to avoid carrying out his promise. It is well known that in retaining possession of county funds, Mr. Beaven is acting upon the advice of an attorney, who is well known in Bernalillo county and who prides himself upon his democracy, his good government theories and his personal integrity.

Without such legal advice as this attorney gives Mr. Beaven, it is indeed doubtful if Mr. Beaven of his own accord, would have the nerve to set aside his pledge to the people of this county and attempt to take advantage of any technicality, which would allow him to violate his written word of honor.

While Sig. Grunfeld, the ex-assessor, is making a similar claim to a larger fee for his work, yet his condition, while deplorable, is not quite as raw as that of Mr. Beaven. The ex-treasurer, in addition to his party pledge on which he was elected, wrote a letter, which he also caused to be published, stating that while he knew the present law, which was then pending in the legislature, would affect him personally, he was heartily in favor of it, and hoped that it would pass. It is not too much of a strain on the imagination to believe that the same attorney who now advises Mr. Beaven to disregard his written word, also wrote or helped to write that letter committing Mr. Beaven, without reservation, in favor of the very law he would now set aside. At least it may be reasonably supposed that the attorney in question passed upon the letter, or at all events read it after it was published in the Journal-Democrat. That being true, he must have known fully, that Mr. Beaven had given his word of honor to the people of Bernalillo county, that if he were elected he would abide by any reduction in his salary under that law.

Now the nice point of reasoning which presents itself, is what kind of a man is an attorney who will openly advise and assist a man to break his written word of honor and what kind of a man is the official who will employ such an attorney to assist him in breaking his written word of honor, and what kind of a reformer is the man who apparently is willing to do anything for money?

It is indeed a nice mess and a fine kettle of fish. The public does not have to penetrate very far behind the scenes to find the man who pulls the strings and whose definition of the word Honor, would be quite interesting, as compared with that given by Webster.

While Mr. Beaven places himself in a most unenviable position, he should be commended by the public no more than the man whose mental accomplishments along certain lines, makes it possible for the ex-treasurer to take money, which he openly said to the people of Bernalillo county that he would not ask, and that he did not believe he was entitled to. If he is successful, Mr. Beaven will indeed prove a good advertisement for his counsel, among people of a certain class. Bah!

John S. Beaven, ex-treasurer of Bernalillo county, who was elected upon a platform pledged to lower salaries for county officers and who in addition to his election pledge, wrote a letter in which he declared himself strongly in favor of the very law he now seeks to set aside as null and void, yesterday turned over the county funds to the new treasurer with the exception of the insignificant amount of some \$17,000, or thereabouts, which he claims is his salary for two years in office.

The sum retained by "Honest John" represents about 4 per cent on all collections instead of 2 per cent which the present law says shall be his salary. As reported in The Citizen yesterday, Mr. Beaven says he will hold that amount until the law has been tested in court. If the law can be set aside "Honest John" will continue to retain the sum minus attorney fees and other incidental expenses, while the county can hold the sack and such peace of mind as its voters are capable of exercising.

Following upon the heels of the demand made by the Hon. Sig. Grunfeld, for four per cent of the collections instead of two per cent, as his salary in the office of assessor, the action taken by "Honest John" gives the final flourish to that beautiful wave of good government which two years ago caused these same gentlemen to don halos and parade themselves before the people as martyrs to the cause of honesty in public office.

Whatever criticism may be offered with regard to past officials of county government, they become rather insignificant in the face of broken

pledges and bold disregard of law and order, as demonstrated by the late treasurer. Even had the county funds been turned over to the new treasurer as the law provides and had "Honest John" then fled suit to recover two per cent additional, his action would have violated the pledge he made the people who elected him, but the man in which he retained possession of county funds, has caused a general burst of indignation among the people and taxpayers, which may result in considerable embarrassment to Mr. Beaven and his legal light, upon whose advice, it is understood he acted.

Irrespective of party, the action taken by the treasurer is severely condemned and there is a demand for prompt action on the part of the traveling auditor and of the district attorney or the attorney general.

Charles V. Safford, the traveling auditor, in discussing the matter over the long distance telephone today, stated that he would make immediate demand upon Mr. Beaven for the money he had retained and that if it was not turned over at once he would take prompt action, to force Mr. Beaven to comply with the law.

In speaking of the affair today, Frank W. Clancy, district attorney, said that he would give Mr. Beaven the choice between going to court himself or having suit filed against him by the traveling auditor. There is also talk of procedure somewhat more drastic and embarrassing.

So pronounced was public sentiment today, that it is understood Mr. Beaven's attorney has gone to Santa Fe to see the traveling auditor and

Striking Photograph of Early Relief Work in Earthquake-Devastated Messina



PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN THE SECOND DAY AFTER THE GREAT EARTHQUAKE CALAMITY. THE SCENE IS A TEMPORARY FIELD HOSPITAL ESTABLISHED AMONG THE RUINS OF MESSINA BY THE CREWS THAT HAD BEEN LANDED FROM FOREIGN WARSHIPS SOON AFTER THE DISASTER. THE PICTURE SHOWS A SAILOR AND AN OFFICER, PROBABLY A SHIP SURGEON, MINISTERING TO THE WOUNDED.

the attorney general. While public sentiment bitterly condemned the action of Sig. Grunfeld in trying to secure four per cent of the collections, in the case of "Honest John" Beaven, it is even stronger, because Mr. Beaven, in order to secure his election on the reform ticket, made his fight solely on the plea that he was for lower county salaries, no matter how he was personally affected. He even caused a letter to be published in the Journal-Democrat, the organ of that gang, in which he declared that he hoped the very law which he is now prepared to contest, would be enacted by the legislature. He, with others, was active in securing a long list of signers to a petition, asking the legislature to pass the law.

The bold manner in which "Honest John" has set aside his pledges and his written word of honor, has aroused the people to a pitch, which will make it uncomfortable for that individual in this county, for some time to come.

The letter which "Honest John" received from Celso Lopez, of Santa Fe county, and which elicited his saintly reply that he stood for lower salaries and hoped such a law would be enacted, follows. The answer written by Beaven or for Beaven by some of his learned friends, is also published for the benefit of the public.

Celso Lopez Letter.

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 20, 1907.
Mr. John S. Beaven Albuquerque, N. M.

Dear Sir:—Enclosed find copy of house bill No. 31, which as you will see is for the purpose of cutting down our salaries. This bill has some chance of passing unless the collectors and assessors, who are affected by it, will make a strong fight against it. Therefore, you are earnestly requested by a brother officer, to come to Santa Fe and help us in this fight. Should it be impossible for you to come, please write to the member or members of the legislature of your county, asking them to vote against this measure.

Hoping to hear from you, at your earliest convenience, I beg to remain, Yours, very respectfully,

CELSE LOPEZ.

Treasurer and Ex-Officio Collector, Santa Fe County, New Mexico.

"Honest John's" Reply.

Albuquerque, N. M., Feb. 21, 1907.
Hon. Celso Lopez, Treasurer and Ex-Officio Collector, Santa Fe County, Santa Fe, N. M.

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt this morning of your favor of the 20th inst., enclosing copy of house bill No. 31. I have carefully noted the contents of your letter and have read carefully the provisions of this proposed legislation, viz: house bill No. 31. I am extremely gratified to learn from your letter that there are chances that this bill will be passed by the legislature. I can state frankly to you that I am in hearty sympathy and accord with this legislation. True, it will affect me personally, in the way of reducing my compensation and emoluments as treasurer and collector of this county, as well as reducing the compensation of officials generally throughout the territory. This I am in favor of the legislature doing.

My opinion is that the purpose of the law makers is to legislate in the interests of the people, while, at the same time, being eminently fair to the officials of the territory. I have felt for a long time that the emoluments received by the various officials

(Continued on Page Four.)

PENNSYLVANIA BANKER HAS FIFTEEN YEARS IN PRISON

Jury Finds Him Guilty of Wrecking a Bank Two Years Ago.

ATTEMPT WAS MADE TO BRIBE THE JURORS

Pittsburg, Jan. 15.—J. B. F. Rinehart, former cashier and vice president of the Farmers' and Drovers' National bank of Waynesburg, which failed over two years ago for \$2,000,000, was found guilty at noon today of wrecking the bank and was immediately sentenced to serve fifteen years in the penitentiary. The sentence was imposed by United States Judge James S. Young.

The jury found Rinehart guilty on all eleven counts charging him with making false reports to the comptroller of the currency, and upon all nineteen counts charging him with false entries and with abstraction in transactions connected with the Greene county political campaign of 1905.

As Judge Young imposed sentence the tears trickled down the pale cheeks of the dazed banker and a death-like silence prevailed in the audience, the largest ever assembled in a United States court here.

Later the jurors conferred with the United States district attorney concerning the alleged attempt to bribe one of their number. Two men have already been arrested in connection with the alleged bribery attempt and it is said that a third arrest will be made.

EMMA GOLDMAN NOW AT SAN FRANCISCO

The Anarchistic Leader and the King of Hoboes are Jailed for Making Speeches.

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—Emma Goldman, the notorious anarchist, and Ben Reitman, widely known as "King of Hoboes," were arrested late last night as they were about to hold one of the eight meetings they had previously announced. They were lodged in jail.

William Buwalda, who was dishonorably discharged from the army and sentenced to five years at Alcatraz prison for shaking hands with the Goldman woman at a meeting held by her some months ago, was also arrested because of his vigorous protest at the action of the police last night. Buwalda was recently given his liberty under a pardon from President Roosevelt.

FIFTY-SIX MINERS DEAD.

Vesz-Prin, Hungary, Jan. 15.—An explosion of fire damp in the Auka coal mine here yesterday resulted in the death of 56 miners. Of the 240 men employed by the explosion, 184 were taken out alive.

JURY IN HAINS CASE RETURNS VERDICT OF ACQUITTAL

Brother of the Slayer of Annis Is Freed From Charge of First Degree Murder.

ALL NIGHT SESSION TIRED THE JURORS

Flushing, L. I., Jan. 15.—Thornton J. Hains was today acquitted of the charge of first degree murder which grew out of the killing of William E. Annis last August. Hains stood guard over his brother Captain Peter C. Hains of the United States army while the latter shot Annis, but did not actually participate in the shooting. His brother, Captain Hains, has not yet been put on trial for murder.

The jury retired at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and the verdict was brought in shortly before noon today. The jury spent all night in consideration of the testimony and shortly after 3 o'clock this morning sent word that it would like to have maps and diagrams of the Bayshore Yacht club house float. The maps and diagrams were sent them.

At 8:49 this morning court convened and the jury was brought in to listen to the reading of the testimony of John Tierney an ash collector, and others. Tierney was the defense's eye witness of the shooting. The jurors seemed weary and weary from the all night session. Hains appeared fresher and in better spirits than at any time in the past two weeks.



THORNTON J. HAINS.

Publicity Committee. The members of the publicity committee will meet tonight at 8 o'clock at the Commercial club. Every member of the committee is urged to attend the meeting and report.

M. P. STAMM, President. W. F. BROGAN, Secretary.

CALIFORNIA FLOODED BY MELTING SNOW AND RAIN

Several Towns Are Under Water and Railroad Communication Is Interrupted.

ALL THE RIVERS OUT OF THEIR BANKS

San Francisco, Jan. 15.—Floods resulting from heavy and continuous rains during the past week have done considerable damage to the river valleys of the state and seriously affected railroad transportation. All bridges over the American river are out of commission and cannot be repaired for several weeks. No trains are running on the east side of Sacramento but train service on the west side is not interrupted. The city of Sacramento has not suffered damage and none is anticipated. The town of Biggs is under four feet of water.

Reports from the San Joaquin valley, which is threatened with inundation, are reassuring, though portions of Visalia and Porterville are flooded. Heavy rains in the Sierras, with precipitation at 15.26 inches, have been reported in the past four days. Melting snow in the mountains is the chief cause of the floods, warm weather having prevailed for several days.

People Are Frightened.

Baker Springs, Cal., Jan. 15.—The flood here reached the crest before midnight last night and is subsiding today. Although there was much anxiety and excitement, a large force of men has been able to hold the levee and prevent flooding the lower part of the city.

Railroad Damaged.

Reno, Nev., Jan. 15.—A long distance message from Sacramento reports that Southern Pacific railroad bridges along the American river have been washed away by floods, cutting off all the overland routes and that it will be two or three days before trains can get through. The storm still continues.

WHAT RIGHT HAS LILLEY TO RETAIN HIS PLACE?

Washington, Jan. 15.—The right of Governor Lilley of Connecticut, to retain his seat in the House of Representatives was questioned by Representative Gaines of Tennessee, today. Gaines offered a resolution, declaring that as Lilley had been duly elected and qualified as a member of the House and also to be governor of Connecticut his name be stricken from the roll of the House and his seat be declared vacant. The resolution was referred to the committee on judiciary.

LOST PREACHER FOUND.

El Paso, Jan. 15.—A searching party which went out from Carlsbad, N. M., to look for Rev. V. T. Tracy, pastor of an Episcopal church at Brooklyn, N. Y., yesterday found him in an abandoned hut where he had taken refuge. It was feared that he had been caught in the storm, had lost his way and been frozen to death.

STATEHOOD BILL IN THE HOUSE WEDNESDAY

New Mexico and Arizona to be Admitted Before Congress Adjourns in March.

EVERYBODY NOW FAVORS THE ACT

No Opposition in the House and No One But Beveridge Opposing It in the Senate--He Will be Won Over Before Long.

(By Associated Press.)
Denver, Jan. 15.—A Washington special to the Denver Republican today says that President Roosevelt is anxious to sign a bill granting statehood to the territories of New Mexico and Arizona and that Speaker Cannon is said to have withdrawn his objections to the passage of creative bills this session. Senator Beveridge is the only prominent member of Congress opposed to the statehood bills and it is hoped to win him over before the bills reach the Senate. If this is successful the bills will become laws March 4.

A Report Next Week.

(Special to the Citizen.)
Washington, Jan. 15.—President Roosevelt and President-elect Taft by letter, Speaker Cannon and Chairman Hamilton of the committee on territories by word of mouth, have proclaimed in favor of separate statehood for New Mexico and Arizona at the present session of Congress. There is no opposition to the statehood bills in the House and it is believed that all opposition in the Senate has been or will be withdrawn before the bills reach that body.

A report of the committee on territories of the House is expected next Wednesday and there is no doubt but that the statehood bills will be reported favorably. It is expected that with Speaker Cannon's endorsement and the endorsement of the committee the bills will go through the House without unfavorable comment. Senator Beveridge is the only member of the Senate opposing statehood and it is believed that he has been won over and that the Senate will make it unanimous. President Roosevelt will waste no time in signing the statehood bill when it gets to him. Prospects never were brighter for New Mexico and Arizona becoming states before March 4 than they are now.

ROJESTVENSKY IS DEAD AT HIS HOME

Russian Admiral Who Took Active Part in War With Japan Succumbs After Short Illness.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 15.—Rear Admiral Rojestvensky, chief of the naval headquarters staff and head of the intelligence department of the Russian navy, died at his home here yesterday from neuralgia of the heart. He was sick only a short time.

Rojestvensky had been in the naval service the greater part of his life and took an active part in the Japanese war, being placed in personal command of the Russian Baltic fleet and given orders to take it to Vladivostok. While the fleet was sailing through the North Sea it encountered a fleet of British fishing boats and fired on them under the impression that they were part of the Japanese torpedo fleet. One fishing boat was sunk and several men were killed. Though Rojestvensky was exonerated from blame the Russian government had to pay an indemnity.

When Rojestvensky got his fleet into the Sushima straits he was attacked May 17, 1904, by the Japanese fleet under Togo and the Russian fleet was badly disfigured, losing eight battleships, nine cruisers, three coast defense ships, nine destroyers, one auxiliary cruiser, six special service boats and two hospital ships as well as 4,000 men killed and 7,300 taken prisoners.

SMEILER EMPLOYEES STRIKE.

Pueblo, Colo., Jan. 15.—Employees of the mechanical roller department of the zinc smelter of the United States Smelting and Refining company struck last night for an increase in wages from \$1.75 to \$2 a day. Only a few men were affected and their places were soon filled.